

ORDER INSTITUTING DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS, MAKING FINDINGS, AND IMPOSING SANCTIONS

In the Matter of Goldstein, Zugman, Weinstein & Poole, LLC and Frederick Weinstein, CPA,

Respondents.

PCAOB Release No. 105-2017-017

March 29, 2017

By this Order, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("Board" or "PCAOB") is (1) censuring the registered public accounting firm Goldstein, Zugman, Weinstein & Poole, LLC ("Goldstein Zugman" or "Firm"); (2) imposing upon the Firm a civil money penalty in the amount of \$10,000; (3) in the event the Board grants any future registration application by the Firm,¹ (a) requiring the Firm to undertake certain remedial measures directed toward satisfying independence criteria applicable to audits of brokers and dealers, and (b) prohibiting the Firm from accepting any new brokerdealer engagement clients for a period of one year from the date of this Order; (4) censuring Frederick Weinstein, CPA ("Weinstein"); and (5) imposing upon Weinstein a civil money penalty in the amount of \$2,500. The Board is imposing these sanctions on the basis of its findings (a) that the Firm violated PCAOB rules and auditing standards in connection with an audit of a registered broker-dealer client as a result of preparing for that client its financial statements and supporting schedules that were filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission" or "SEC"), which impaired the Firm's independence, and (b) that Weinstein directly and substantially contributed to the Firm's violations of PCAOB rules and auditing standards.

I.

The Board deems it necessary and appropriate, for the protection of investors and to further the public interest in the preparation of informative, accurate and independent audit reports, that disciplinary proceedings be, and hereby are, instituted pursuant to Section 105(c) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended ("Act"), and

¹ The Firm filed on February 23, 2016 a Form 1-WD seeking leave to withdraw from registration with the Board, which the Board has determined to grant as of the date of this Order.



PCAOB Rule 5200(a)(1) against the Firm and Weinstein ("Respondents").

II.

In anticipation of the institution of these proceedings and pursuant to PCAOB Rule 5205, Respondents each submitted an Offer of Settlement ("Offers") that the Board has determined to accept. Solely for purposes of these proceedings and any other proceedings brought by or on behalf of the Board, or to which the Board is a party, and without admitting or denying the findings herein, except as to the Board's jurisdiction over Respondents and the subject matter of these proceedings, which is admitted, Respondents consent to the entry of this Order Instituting Disciplinary Proceedings, Making Findings, and Imposing Sanctions ("Order").²

III.

On the basis of Respondents' Offers, the Board finds³ that:

A. <u>Respondents</u>

1. Goldstein Zugman is, and at all relevant times was, a limited liability company organized under the laws of the state of Florida, with offices in Fort Lauderdale and Sunrise, Florida, and registered with the Board pursuant to Section 102 of the Act and PCAOB rules. Goldstein Zugman is licensed by the Florida Board of Accountancy (license no. AD63677), the Georgia State Board of Accountancy (license no. ACF006518), the Illinois Board of Examiners (license no. 066.004798), the Maryland Board of Public Accountancy (license no. 0042156), the Michigan State Board of Accountancy (license no. 1102003887), the Montana Board of Public Accountancy (license no. C08793). At all relevant times the Firm was the external auditor for the broker-dealer identified below.

2. Frederick Weinstein, 65, of Delray Beach, Florida, is a certified public accountant licensed by the Florida Board of Accountancy (license no. AC0013184). He

² The findings herein are made pursuant to Respondents' Offers and are not binding on any other person or entity in this or any other proceeding.

³ The Board finds that Respondents' conduct described in this Order meets the conditions set out in Section 105(c)(5), which provides that certain sanctions may be imposed in the event of (i) intentional or knowing conduct, including reckless conduct, or (ii) repeated instances of negligent conduct, each resulting in a violation of the applicable statutory, regulatory, or professional standard.



is a partner at Goldstein Zugman. Weinstein served as the engagement partner for the Firm's audit of the 2014 financial statements of the broker-dealer identified below. Weinstein is, and at all relevant times was, an associated person of a registered public accounting firm as that term is defined in Section 2(a)(9) of the Act and PCAOB Rule 1001(p)(i).

B. <u>Summary</u>

3. This matter concerns Respondents' violations of PCAOB rules and standards in connection with the Firm's audit of the 2014 financial statements of registered broker-dealer client Slavic Investment Corporation ("SIC"). The Firm prepared SIC's financial statements and supporting schedules for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the Commission. As a result, Goldstein Zugman was not independent of SIC under auditor independence criteria established by the Commission and made applicable by Exchange Act Rule 17a-5(f)(1) to audits of brokers and dealers.⁴ The Firm nevertheless audited the financial statements and issued an audit report that SIC included with the financial statements it filed with the Commission. Weinstein authorized the issuance of that audit report, notwithstanding his knowledge that the Firm had prepared SIC's financial statements and supporting schedules and that such preparation impaired an auditor's independence. As a result, the Firm violated PCAOB Rule 3520, Auditor Independence, by failing to satisfy the independence criteria applicable to the engagement, including the criteria set out in Rule 2-01(c)(4)(i) of Commission Regulation S-X, and violated AU § 220, Independence.⁵ Weinstein directly and substantially contributed to the Firm's violation of applicable independence requirements, in violation of PCAOB Rule 3502.

C. <u>Respondents Violated Board Rules and Auditing Standards</u>

4. At all relevant times, SIC was a broker-dealer incorporated in the state of Florida with its principal place of business in Boca Raton, Florida. SIC's public filings

⁴ Exchange Act Rule 17a-5, referenced throughout this Order as "Rule 17a-5," is found at 17 C.F.R. § 240.17a-5.

⁵ All references to PCAOB rules and standards are to the versions of those rules and standards in effect at the time of the relevant audit. As of December 31, 2016, the PCAOB reorganized its rules and standards using a topical structure and a single, integrated numbering system. <u>See</u> *Reorganization of PCAOB Auditing Standards and Related Amendments to PCAOB Standards and Rules*, PCAOB Release No. 2015-002 (Mar. 31, 2015); <u>see also PCAOB Auditing Standards Reorganized and Pre-Reorganized Numbering</u> (January 2016), https://pcaobus.org/Standards/Auditing/ Documents/PrintableReferenceTable.pdf.



disclosed that its business consisted of executing mutual fund transactions and life insurance annuities for its customers and that it was, for certain customers, a fully disclosed introducing broker-dealer. SIC did not claim an exemption from Exchange Act Rule 15c3-3 (the Customer Protection Rule).⁶ At all relevant times, SIC was a "broker" or "dealer," as defined in Section 110(3) and (4) of the Act and PCAOB Rule 1001(b)(iii) and 1001(d)(iii).

5. Rule 17a-5(d)(1) requires, among other things, that every broker or dealer registered under section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 file annually a financial report audited by an independent public accountant. Rule 17a-5(d)(2) requires that the financial report filed by a registered broker or dealer contain, among other things, certain financial statements: a Statement of Financial Condition, a Statement of Income, a Statement of Cash Flows, a Statement of Changes in Stockholders' or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Equity, and a Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors. Rule 17a-5(d)(2) also requires that the financial report contain certain supporting schedules—a net capital computation, a reserve requirement computation, and information relating to possession or control requirements—as well as a reconciliation between either computation and any materially different corresponding computation in the most recent Part II or Part IIA of Form X-17A-5 filed by the broker-dealer.

6. Rule 17a-5(g) requires that an independent public accountant prepare a report based on an examination of the financial report required to be filed by the broker or dealer under Rule 17a-5(d) in accordance with PCAOB standards.

7. PCAOB rules require that a registered public accounting firm and its associated persons comply with the Board's auditing and related professional practice standards.⁷ PCAOB rules and standards also require that a registered public accounting firm and its associated persons be independent of the firm's audit client throughout the audit and professional engagement period.⁸

[A] registered public accounting firm or associated person's independence obligation with respect to an audit client encompasses not only an

⁷ PCAOB Rule 3100, *Compliance with Auditing and Related Professional Practice Standards*; PCAOB Rule 3200T, *Interim Auditing Standards*.

⁸ <u>See</u> PCAOB Rule 3520; AU § 220.

⁶ 17 C.F.R. § 240.15c-3-3, *Customer Protection – Reserves and Custody of Securities.*



obligation to satisfy the independence criteria applicable to the engagement set out in the rules and standards of the PCAOB, but also an obligation to satisfy all other independence criteria applicable to the engagement, including the independence criteria set out in the rules and regulations of the Commission under the federal securities laws.⁹

8. Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(f)(1), certain of the Commission's auditor independence criteria described in Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X¹⁰ apply to audits of brokers and dealers.¹¹ The applicable provisions include Rule 2-01(c)(4), which states in part:

An accountant is not independent if, at any point during the audit and professional engagement period, the accountant provides the following non-audit services to an audit client:

(i) Bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the audit client. Any service, unless it is reasonable to conclude that the results of these services will not be subject to audit procedures during an audit of the audit client's financial statements, including:

. . .

(B) Preparing the audit client's financial statements that are filed with the Commission or that form the basis of financial statements filed with the Commission . . .

¹¹ Not all independence criteria described in Rule 2-01(c) apply to audits of brokers and dealers. As the Commission has explained, those audits "are not subject to the partner rotation requirements or the compensation requirements of the Commission's independence rules [Rules 2-01(c)(6) and (c)(8)] because the statute mandating those requirements is limited to issuers," and they "are not subject to the audit committee pre-approval requirements or the cooling-off period requirements for employment [Rules 2-01(c)(7) and (c)(2)(iii)(B)] because those requirements only reference issuers." See Exchange Act Release No. 70073 at II.E.

⁹ <u>See PCAOB Rule 3520, Note 1.</u>

¹⁰ 17 C.F.R. § 210.2-01(b)-(c).



9. In February 2015, SIC filed with the Commission a Form X-17A-5 Part III containing its annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2014. Included in that filing was a report signed by Goldstein Zugman and dated February 19, 2015 ("Audit Report") in connection with Goldstein Zugman's audit of SIC's December 31, 2014 financial statements ("Audit").

10. In November 2014, Firm staff completed an "Engagement Acceptance and Continuance Form" in connection with the Audit. That form included pre-printed text reading:

The SEC expects accountants to comply with the independence requirements established by the PCAOB, Independence Standards Board, and the accounting profession (the AICPA), as well as the requirements promulgated by the Commission and its staff. The SEC's independence rules are set forth in Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X. Rule 2-01's general standard of independence requires both the fact and the appearance of independence.

11. In December 2014, Weinstein read the PCAOB's Staff Guidance for Auditors of SEC-Registered Brokers and Dealers issued on June 26, 2014, including a section therein under the header "SEC Independence Rules." That section reads:

... SEC Rule 17a-5 requires auditors of brokers and dealers to comply with SEC independence rules. These independence requirements predate the recent July 2013 amendments to Rule 17a-5. Among other things, SEC independence rules prohibit auditors from performing bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the audit client. These prohibited services include: (1) maintaining or preparing the audit client's accounting records; (2) preparing financial statements that are filed with the Commission or the information that forms the basis of financial statements filed with the Commission; or (3) preparing or originating source data underlying the audit client's financial statements.¹²

12. Firm staff obtained from SIC in January and February 2015 various documents including a "Balance Sheet" as of December 31, 2014, a "Profit & Loss" report for January through December 2014, a trial balance and "Trial Balance Worksheet" as of December 31, 2014, and a "Statement of Net Capital" as of December

¹² Staff Guidance for Auditors of SEC-Registered Brokers and Dealers (Jun. 26, 2014) at 4 (footnotes omitted).



31, 2014. Firm staff also obtained a Form X-17A-5 Part II that Firm staff understood had been filed by the Broker-Dealer with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and that bore the header "FOCUS Report (Financial and Operational Combined Uniform Single Report)." That Form X-17A-5 Part II contained, among other things, a Statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2014; a Statement of Income (Loss) for the period October 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014; a Statement of Changes in Ownership Equity for the period October 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014; a Statement of Net Capital as of December 31, 2014 ("FOCUS Net Capital Computation"); and a Formula for Determination of Customer Account Reserve Requirements of Brokers and Dealers Under Rule 15c3-3 as of December 31, 2014.

13. Firm staff used the trial balance obtained from SIC to prepare the Statement of Financial Condition and Computation of Net Capital as of December 31, 2014, as well as the Statements of Income and Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the year ended December 31, 2014, filed by SIC with the Commission in February 2015.

14. In preparing the Statements of Financial Condition, Income, and Changes in Stockholders' Equity and the Net Capital Computation, Firm staff added and aggregated line items, changed line item descriptions, changed line item amounts to reflect the incorporation of management-approved adjusting journal entries, and added a caption as compared to corresponding information in the documents obtained from SIC. Firm staff also prepared as part of the Net Capital Computation a reconciliation (captioned "Reconciliation with Company's Computation") between amounts therein and amounts in SIC's FOCUS Net Capital Computation.

15. Firm staff also prepared the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2014; the notes to SIC's financial statements, by updating the notes to SIC's financial statements for the prior year as well as incorporating material provided by SIC; and three additional supporting schedules, including a Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements. All of these were filed by SIC with the Commission.

16. Firm staff emailed SIC a set of draft financial statements and supporting schedules on February 19, 2015, and an additional draft set on February 24, 2015, for management approval.

17. As a result of Goldstein Zugman's conduct in preparing the financial statements and supporting schedules,¹³ the Firm was not independent of SIC under the

¹³ The preparation of SIC's supporting schedules constituted "[b]ookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the audit



independence criteria established by the Commission in Rule 2-01(c)(4) of Regulation S-X, which Rule 17a-5 made applicable to the Audit. As the Commission explained in adopting Rule 2-01(c)(4), providing such services for an audit client "impairs the auditor's independence because the auditor will be placed in the position of auditing the firm's work when auditing the client's financial statements. . . . In addition, keeping the books is a management function, the performance of which leads to an inappropriate mutuality of interests between the auditor and the audit client."¹⁴ The Firm consequently violated PCAOB Rule 3520 and AU § 220 in connection with the Audit.

18. Firm staff prepared SIC's financial statements and supporting schedules under Weinstein's supervision, and Weinstein authorized the issuance of the Audit Report notwithstanding his knowledge that Firm staff had done so, and notwithstanding his understanding that such preparation impaired the Firm's independence. Through his actions, Weinstein directly and substantially contributed to the Firm's violation of applicable independence requirements, in violation of PCAOB Rule 3502.

IV.

In view of the foregoing, and to protect the interests of investors and further the public interest in the preparation of informative, accurate, and independent audit reports, the Board determines it appropriate to impose the sanctions agreed to in Respondents' Offers.

Accordingly, it is hereby ORDERED that:

- A. Pursuant to Section 105(c)(4)(E) of the Act and PCAOB Rule 5300(a)(5), the Firm is censured.
- B. Pursuant to Section 105(c)(4)(D) of the Act and PCAOB Rule 5300(a)(4), a civil money penalty in the amount of \$10,000 is imposed upon the Firm, and a separate and additional civil money penalty in the amount of \$2,500 is imposed upon Frederick Weinstein, CPA. All funds collected by the Board as a result of the assessment of these civil money penalties will be used in accordance with Section 109(c)(2) of the Act. The Firm and Frederick Weinstein, CPA each shall pay the civil money penalty within

client" within the meaning of Rule 2-01(c)(4)(i) and accordingly was a non-audit service inconsistent with auditor independence.

¹⁴ Revision of the Commission's Auditor Independence Requirements, Exchange Act Release No. 43602 (November 21, 2000) at IV.D.4.b(i).



ten (10) days of the issuance of this Order by (1) wire transfer pursuant to instructions provided by Board staff; or (2) United States Postal Service money order, bank money order, certified check, or bank cashier's check (a) made payable to the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, (b) delivered to the Controller, Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, 1666 K Street, N.W., Washington D.C. 20006, and (c) submitted under a cover letter, which identifies the Firm or Frederick Weinstein, CPA as a respondent in these proceedings, sets forth the title and PCAOB release number of these proceedings, and states that payment is made pursuant to this Order, a copy of which cover letter and money order or check shall be sent to Office of the Secretary, Attention: Phoebe W. Brown, Secretary, Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, 1666 K Street, N.W., Washington D.C. 20006.

C. Pursuant to Section 105(c)(4)(G) of the Act and PCAOB Rule 5300(a)(9), the Firm, should the Board grant any future application of the Firm for registration, is required:

1. within ninety (90) days from the date the Board grants any future application of the Firm for registration ("Future Registration Date"), to establish policies and procedures, or revise and/or supplement existing policies and procedures, for the purpose of providing the Firm with reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable independence requirements, including those requirements of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X applicable to an SEC Registered Broker-Dealer Engagement (defined to mean an engagement to provide a report—whether an audit report, an examination report, or a review report—required under paragraph (d)(1)(i)(C) of Rule 17a-5, as amended);

2. within ninety (90) days from the Future Registration Date, to establish a policy of ensuring training, whether internal or external, on an annual or more frequent regular basis, concerning applicable independence requirements, including those requirements of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X applicable to an SEC Registered Broker-Dealer Engagement, of any Firm audit personnel who participate in any way in the planning or performing of any SEC Registered Broker-Dealer Engagement;

3. within ninety (90) days from the Future Registration Date and before the Firm's commencement of any SEC Registered Broker-Dealer Engagement, to ensure training pursuant to the policy described in paragraph C(2) above on at least one occasion;



4. to provide a copy of this Order—

a. within thirty (30) days from the Future Registration Date, to all audit personnel employed by, or associated with (as defined in PCAOB Rule 1001(p)(i)), the Firm as of the Future Registration Date,

b. within thirty (30) days from the Future Registration Date, to any client of the Firm as of the Future Registration Date for which the Firm has performed or has been engaged to perform an SEC Registered Broker-Dealer Engagement,

c. before the commencement of any SEC Registered Broker-Dealer Engagement, to any future client for which the Firm is engaged within three (3) years of the date of this Order to perform such an engagement; and

5. to certify in writing to the Director of the Division of Enforcement and Investigations, Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, 1666 K Street, N.W., Washington D.C. 20006, the Firm's compliance with paragraphs C(1) through C(4)(b) above. The certification shall identify the undertakings, provide written evidence of compliance in the form of a narrative, and be supported by exhibits sufficient to demonstrate compliance. The Firm shall submit such certification within one hundred twenty (120) days from the Future Registration Date. The Firm shall also submit such additional evidence of and information concerning compliance as the staff of the Division of Enforcement and Investigations may reasonably request.

D. Pursuant to Section 105(c)(4)(C) of the Act and PCAOB Rule 5300(a)(3), the Firm, should the Board grant any future application of the Firm for registration, is prohibited from accepting any new SEC Registered Broker-Dealer Engagement clients for a period of one year from the date of this Order.



E. Pursuant to Section 105(c)(4)(E) of the Act and PCAOB Rule 5300(a)(5), Frederick Weinstein, CPA, is censured.

ISSUED BY THE BOARD.

/s/ Phoebe W. Brown

Phoebe W. Brown Secretary

March 29, 2017